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June 6, 2011
Project No. DRMAP3

Mr. Keith E. Carney
Vice President of Engineering & Quality Assurance
MIDDLE ATLANTIC PRODUCTS
300 Fairfield Road
Fairfield, New Jersey 07004

Subject: *Revised Seismic Certification of the VMRK-54 Series Rack Enclosures installed with Seismic Anchoring Kit*

Reference: *Letter to Mr. Bob Schluter regarding the Seismic Certification of VMRK-54 Series rack enclosures. EQE International, Inc. Project No. 201374.01. March 29, 2001.*

Sent via electronic mail to kcarney@middleatlantic.com

Dear Mr. Carney:

At your request, Halcrow, Inc. (Halcrow) has reviewed the previously completed test report referenced above and have updated the capacities of the subject rack enclosure series in accordance with the provisions of the 2010 Edition of ASCE Standard 7 (ASCE 7-10), which is the basis for the 2009 and 2012 IBC, 2010 CBC, and the 2009 edition of NFPA 5000. These revised capacities are reported herein.

The enclosures listed in Table 1 were tested statically to verify lateral seismic adequacy. The enclosures selected for testing represented the typical footprint (defined by the width and depth of the enclosure) for the various models within the VMRK-54 Series. In addition, the enclosure tested was the tallest in the series and represent the worst seismic load case for the selected footprint. The enclosure frame and anchorage details within the series are identical, regardless of height. Therefore, the testing results for the tallest enclosure are applicable to all of the enclosures with equal or lesser height with the same footprint.

The VMRK-54 enclosures tested were loaded with a series of rack-mounted weights. The loaded enclosures were anchored to an inclining test frame with the appropriate seismic anchorage kit and slowly tipped to a target angle to simulate lateral seismic loading. At maximum inclination, the enclosures were observed for any signs of distress or extreme deformations, and overall enclosure drift was measured. The enclosures tested were measured again after testing to estimate

final drift. Removal of the rack-mounted weights was observed to assess the ease of their removal. The enclosures were tested both in the front-to-back and side-to-side directions. A summary of the lateral seismic test results are provided in Table 1. Photographs of the VMRK-5436 enclosure at maximum inclination are included in this letter. Photographs of the other enclosures are included in the referenced report.

At maximum inclination, the VMRK-5436 enclosure did not show any signs of significant distress. No visible permanent deformations were observed after the test load was removed. The maximum drift ratio measured was 1.51% of the enclosure height during the application of maximum lateral load in the side-to-side direction. After removal of the load, the corresponding maximum permanent enclosure drift was 0.11%. No difficulty was encountered removing the rack components from any of the tested enclosures following testing. However, for essential equipment, the intent of most building construction codes is to provide reasonable assurance that equipment required to function after an earthquake will be operable. While the measured drifts do not compromise the structural integrity of the enclosure, the effect of the deformation on the operability of essential equipment mounted in the rack enclosure is unknown.

Based on the test results, Halcrow concludes that the VMRK-54 Series enclosures have sufficient seismic adequacy to support the content capacities listed in Table 2 for the various building construction codes considered. These seismic capacities are appropriate for all models within the series with the same footprint as those tested, with the same or lower height. The building codes selected for consideration are as follows:

- 1997 Uniform Building Code (UBC) which is the basis for the 2001 California Building Code (CBC)
- 2000 International Building Code (IBC)
- 2002 edition of ASCE Standard 7 (ASCE 7-02) which is the basis for the 2003 IBC and the 2003 edition of the National Fire Prevention Association Building Construction and Safety Code (NFPA 5000)
- 2005 edition of ASCE Standard 7 (ASCE 7-05) which is the basis for the 2006 IBC, 2007 CBC, and the 2005 edition NFPA 5000
- 2010 edition of ASCE Standard 7 (ASCE 7-10) which is the basis for the 2009 and 2012 IBC, 2010 CBC, and the 2009 edition NFPA 5000.

These are the primary building codes that govern construction in the most earthquake-prone regions of the country. The seismic content capacities provided in Table 2 are generic in nature to cover all possible installations. These capacities are based on project locations with the highest level of seismicity and top floor or rooftop installations, where amplification of seismic shaking is greatest. As such, enclosures installed at sites with less seismicity or on lower floors may have content capacities greater than those provided.

Table 2 provides a listing of acceptable capacities for enclosures installed at locations with the highest seismicity (UBC & 2001 CBC – Zone 4, $C_a=0.44$; ASCE 7-02, 2000 IBC, 2000 & 2003 IBC, & 2003 NFPA 5000, $SMS=2.56g$; ASCE 7-05/10, 2006/09/12 IBC, 2007/10 CBC, & 2006/09 NFPA 5000, $SMS=2.85g$). Two categories of acceptable capacities are provided; one for “high-importance” installations and the other for standard installations. The “high-importance” category applies to installations within Essential facilities as defined in the UBC and CBC as well as for installations within Seismic Use Group III facilities as defined in the IBC, ASCE 7, and NFPA 5000. These installations are generally for facilities where reasonable operation of the facility and/or certain equipment items following an earthquake is desired. The design for these “high-importance” installations use an importance factor (I_p) of 1.5. The other category shown in Table 2 is for standard or for all other installations where the building codes generally assign an importance factor of one.

Please note that the observations and conclusions noted herein are applicable only to the VMRK-54 series enclosures when anchored using the appropriate Middle Atlantic seismic anchorage kit. Selection and installation of rack enclosure anchor bolts are the responsibility of the end user and are not addressed in this evaluation. Any changes to the enclosure design, fabrication, materials, and anchorage may invalidate these observations and conclusions.



If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns that may arise.

Very truly yours,
Halcrow, Inc.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "William M. Bruin".



A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "William M. Bruin", positioned below the professional seal.

The Halcrow logo, consisting of the word "Halcrow" in a bold, blue, sans-serif font with a stylized 'H'.

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VMRK-54 Series Rack Enclosures
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William M. Bruin, P.E.
Principal Engineer
California Civil C57867 (expires June 30, 2012)

Table 1
SUMMARY OF RACK ENCLOSURE TESTING RESULTS

Enclosure ¹ (Test Year)	Lateral Test Load ² (pounds)	Enclosure Drift @ Maximum Inclination (% of Enclosure Height)		Enclosure Drift After Testing (% of Enclosure Height)		Were Weights Easily Removed following Testing?
		Front-Back	Side-Side	Front-Back	Side-Side	
VMRK-54 (2001)	1,144	0.43%	1.57%	0.12%	0.36%	Yes
VMRK-5436 (2008)	1,220	0.32%	1.51%	0.04%	0.11%	Yes

¹ The tallest of the VMRK-54 enclosures represented the worst seismic load case for a given footprint (defined by the width and depth of the enclosure).

² Lateral test load based on enclosure weight, weight of contents, and test inclination. This is equivalent to code seismic base shear.

Table 2
SEISMIC CERTIFIED CONTENT CAPACITY (pounds)^{1,2,3}

Enclosure ⁵	High-Importance Installations ⁴			Standard Installations		
	1997 UBC 2001 CBC	ASCE 7-02 2000 IBC 2003 IBC 2003 Ed. NFPA 5000	ASCE 7-05/10 2006/09/12 IBC 2007/10 CBC 2006/09 Ed. NFPA 5000	1997 UBC 2001 CBC	ASCE 7-02 2000 IBC 2003 IBC 2003 Ed. NFPA 5000	ASCE 7-05/10 2006/09/12 IBC 2007/10 CBC 2006/09 Ed. NFPA 5000
VMRK-54XX	674	743	642	1,136	1,239	1,088

- ¹ Capacities provided are for VMRK series enclosures anchored with appropriate Middle Atlantic seismic anchorage kit. Selection and installation of enclosure rack anchor bolts are the responsibility of the end user and are not addressed in this evaluation.
- ² Capacities provided are applicable when 50% of the enclosure contents are positioned in the bottom third of rack, 25% in the middle third, and 25% in the top third.
- ³ Capacities provided are based on worst case seismicity (UBC & 2001 CBC – Zone 4, $C_a=0.44$; ASCE 7-02, 2000 IBC, 2000 & 2003 IBC, 2003 NFPA 5000 – $S_{MS}=2.56g$; ASCE 7-05/10, 2006/09/12 IBC, 2007/10 CBC, 2006/09 NFPA 5000 – $S_{MS}=2.85g$) and top floor or rooftop installation. Additional capacity may be available based on site-specific evaluation.
- ⁴ High-Importance Installations include those within UBC and CBC Essential facilities or IBC, ASCE 7, and NFPA 5000 Seismic Use Group III facilities. For all codes, the Importance factor (I_p) is 1.5.
- ⁵ Capacities provided are for all enclosure heights up to 54 rack spaces for the model listed and includes enclosures with either cage nut or tapped rail assemblies.